Castell Cas Gwent

Chepstow

Chepstow (Welsh: Cas-gwent) is a town and community in Monmouthshire, Wales, adjoining the border with Gloucestershire, England. It is located on the

Chepstow (Welsh: Cas-gwent) is a town and community in Monmouthshire, Wales, adjoining the border with Gloucestershire, England. It is located on the tidal River Wye, about 2 miles (3 km) above its confluence with the River Severn, and adjoining the western end of the Severn Bridge. It is the easternmost settlement in Wales, situated 16 miles (26 km) east of Newport, 28 miles (45 km) east-northeast of Cardiff, 18 miles (29 km) northwest of Bristol and 110 miles (180 km) west of London.

Chepstow Castle, situated on a clifftop above the Wye and the old bridge, is often cited as the oldest surviving stone castle in Britain. The castle was established by William FitzOsbern immediately after the Norman Conquest, and was extended in later centuries before becoming ruined after the Civil War....

Newchurch, Monmouthshire

John Newman, The Buildings of Wales: Gwent/Monmouthshire, 2000, ISBN 0-14-071053-1 Cas Troggy at The Gatehouse Castell Troggy at CastleWales Kelly's Directory

Newchurch (Welsh: Yr Eglwys Newydd ar y Cefn, meaning "new church on the ridge") is an extensive rural parish and small hamlet in Monmouthshire, south east Wales. It is located 6 miles south east of Usk and 6 miles north west of Chepstow, between the B4235 and B4293 roads.

Chepstow Castle

Chepstow Castle (Welsh: Castell Cas-gwent) at Chepstow, Monmouthshire, Wales, is the oldest surviving post-Roman stone fortification in Britain. Located

Chepstow Castle (Welsh: Castell Cas-gwent) at Chepstow, Monmouthshire, Wales, is the oldest surviving post-Roman stone fortification in Britain. Located above cliffs on the River Wye, construction began in 1067 under the instruction of the Norman Lord William FitzOsbern. Originally known as Striguil, it was the southernmost of a chain of castles built in the Welsh Marches, and with its attached Lordship of Striguil took the name of the adjoining market town in about the 14th century.

In the 12th century the castle was used in the conquest of Gwent, the first independent Welsh kingdom to be conquered by the Normans. It was subsequently held by two of the most powerful Anglo-Norman magnates of medieval England, William Marshal and Richard de Clare. However, by the 16th century its military...

Striguil

needed] that is the lower (southern) part of the former Welsh Kingdom of Gwent. The Marcher Lordship of Striguil was established by William fitz Osbern

Striguil or Strigoil is the name that was used from the 11th century until the late 14th century for the port and Norman castle of Chepstow, on the Welsh side of the River Wye which forms the boundary with England. The name was also applied to the Marcher Lordship of Striguil which controlled the area in the period between the Norman Conquest and the formation of Monmouthshire under the Laws in Wales Acts 1535–1542.

List of scheduled monuments in Monmouthshire

is supplied by Cadw with additional material from RCAHMW and Glamorgan-Gwent Archaeological Trust. Map all coordinates using OpenStreetMap Download coordinates

Monmouthshire has 200 scheduled monuments. The 46 prehistoric scheduled sites include burial sites, enclosures and 16 hill forts. Ten sites date from the Roman period, including four villas. There are four early Christian sites from early medieval times. The 101 sites from the medieval post-Norman period include castles and hidden castle mounds, remote dwellings, grand abbeys, holy wells, stones and churches. Finally the modern period has a 39 sites, including a very wide range of early industrial activities.

Scheduled monuments have statutory protection. The compilation of the list is undertaken by Cadw Welsh Historic Monuments, which is an executive agency of the Welsh Government. The list of scheduled monuments below is supplied by Cadw with additional material from RCAHMW and Glamorgan...

List of Welsh statutory instruments, 2011

Vehicles) Order 2011 (WSI 2011 No. 460) Gorchymyn Cefnffordd yr A48 (Cas-gwent, Sir Fynwy) (Terfyn Cyflymder 50 mya) 2011 (WSI 2011 No. 461) The A48

This is a complete list of Welsh statutory instruments made in 2011. Statutory instruments made by the Assembly are numbered in the main United Kingdom series with their own sub-series. The Welsh language has official equal status with the English language in Wales so every statutory instrument made by the Assembly is officially published in both English and Welsh. The statutory instruments are secondary legislation, deriving their power from the acts of Parliament establishing and transferring functions and powers to the Welsh Assembly.

Welsh toponymy

fort, stronghold capel chapel carn, carnedd cairn (a heap of stones) cas, castell castle cefn ridge cei quay cil corner, nook, recess clog, clogwyn steep

Welsh toponymy, the study of the place-names of Wales, is derived in most cases from the Welsh language, but have also been influenced by linguistic contact with the Romans, Anglo-Saxons, Vikings, Anglo-Normans and modern English. Toponymy in Wales reveals significant features of the country's history and geography, as well as the development of the Welsh language. Its study is promoted by the Welsh Place-Name Society (Cymdeithas Enwau Lleoedd Cymru).

List of United Kingdom locations: Car-Cd

Cascob Powys 52°17?N 3°08?W? / ?52.28°N 03.13°W? / 52.28; -03.13 SO2366 Cas-Gwent (Chepstow) Monmouthshire 51°38?N 2°41?W? / ?51.63°N 02.68°W? / 51.63;

This is part of the list of United Kingdom locations: a gazetteer of place names in the United Kingdom showing each place's locality and geographical coordinates.

List of primary destinations on the United Kingdom road network

Doc Penfro St Clears Sanclêr Tenby Dinbich-y-pysgod Gwent Abergavenny Y Fenni Chepstow Cas-gwent Cwmbran Cwmbrân Monmouth Trefynwy Newport Casnewydd Gwynedd

Primary destinations are locations that appear on route confirmation signs in the United Kingdom. Most are important settlements or conurbations, but some are bridges and tunnels, or even villages that are important junctions, e.g. Scotch Corner or Crianlarich.

In 1994, previous lists for destinations in Great Britain were superseded when English, Scottish and Welsh destinations were prescribed in Appendix C of Local Transport Note 1/94: The Design and Use of Directional Informatory Signs (LTN 1/94), published by the then Department of Transport.

A revised list for England was published in 2009 and updated in 2010.

A revised list for Scotland was published in 2024 by Transport Scotland.

The 1994 list had 333 entries for England. When the 2010 list was compiled, 15 entries were removed and...

List of built-up areas in Wales by population

780 Blackwood Coed Duon 12,620 Haverfordwest Hwlffordd 12,085 Chepstow Cas-gwent 11,935 Sarn Sarn 11,870 Ystrad Mynach Ystrad Mynach 11,855 Holyhead Caergybi

The following is a list of built-up areas in Wales by population according to the 2021 and 2011 Census.

https://goodhome.co.ke/+65455503/eunderstandx/nreproducef/rintroducet/jaguar+manual+s+type.pdf
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