

Why Has Japan Succeeded

The Japan Times

chairman and publisher of The Japan Times until 2016, when his daughter Yukiko Ogasawara (??? ??? Ogasawara Yukiko) succeeded him as chairman of the company

The Japan Times is Japan's largest and oldest English-language daily newspaper. It is published by The Japan Times, Ltd. (????????????, Kabushiki gaisha Japan Taimuzu), a subsidiary of News2u Holdings, Inc. It is headquartered in the Kioicho Building (?????, Kioicho Biru) in Kioicho, Chiyoda, Tokyo.

Politics of the Empire of Japan (1914–1944)

same time in 1931, with some guerrilla opposition, the Japanese conquest of Manchuria succeeded without difficulties. Later, this success and the collapse

The political situation in Japan (1914–44) dealt with the realities of the two World Wars and their effect on Japanese national policy.

Emperor of Japan

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The emperor of Japan is the hereditary monarch and head of state of Japan. The emperor is defined by the Constitution of Japan as the symbol of the Japanese state and the unity of the Japanese people, his position deriving from "the will of the people with whom resides sovereign power". The Imperial Household Law governs the line of imperial succession. Pursuant to his constitutional role as a national symbol, and in accordance with rulings by the Supreme Court of Japan, the emperor is personally immune from prosecution. By virtue of his position as the head of the Imperial House, the emperor is also recognized as the head of the Shinto religion, which holds him to be the direct descendant of the sun goddess Amaterasu. According to tradition, the office of emperor was created in the 7th century...

Liberal Democratic Party (Japan)

administration has succeeded in passing ... ????????????????? [Will the colors of political parties settle in Japan?]. The Nikkei (in Japanese). Nikkei, Inc

The Liberal Democratic Party (?????, Jiy?-Minshut?), frequently abbreviated to LDP, the Lib Dems, or Jimint? (???), is a major conservative and nationalist political party in Japan. Since its foundation in 1955, the LDP has been in power almost continuously—a period called the 1955 System—except from 1993 to 1996, and again from 2009 to 2012.

The LDP was formed in 1955 as a merger of two conservative parties, the Liberal Party and the Japan Democratic Party, and was initially led by prime minister Ichir? Hatoyama. The LDP supported Japan's alliance with the United States and fostered close links between Japanese business and government, playing a major role in the country's economic miracle from the 1960s to early 1970s and subsequent stability under prime ministers including Hayato Ikeda,...

Japan

births): Japan". World Bank. Archived from the original on July 25, 2022. Retrieved July 25, 2022. Tsugane, Shoichiro (July 2020). "Why has Japan become

Japan is an island country in East Asia. Located in the Pacific Ocean off the northeast coast of the Asian mainland, it is bordered to the west by the Sea of Japan and extends from the Sea of Okhotsk in the north to the East China Sea in the south. The Japanese archipelago consists of four major islands alongside 14,121 smaller islands, covering 377,975 square kilometers (145,937 sq mi). Divided into 47 administrative prefectures and eight traditional regions, about 75% of the country's terrain is mountainous and heavily forested, concentrating its agriculture and highly urbanized population along its eastern coastal plains. With a population of over 123 million as of 2025, it is the 11th most populous country. The country's capital and largest city is Tokyo.

The first known habitation of the...

Women in Japan

Sex Trafficking Bust in Japan". VOA. January 24, 2017. "Why are foreign women continuing to be forced into prostitution in Japan?". Mainichi Daily News

Women in Japan were recognized as having equal legal rights to men after World War II. Japanese women first gained the right to vote in 1880, but this was a temporary event limited to certain municipalities, and it was not until 1945 that women gained the right to vote on a permanent, nationwide basis.

Modern policy initiatives in Japan have aimed to promote both motherhood and women's participation in the workforce, but these efforts have yielded mixed results. Traditional gender expectations, especially for married women and mothers, still shape societal norms and create barriers to economic equality. While the gender income gap has gradually narrowed, it persists, with women earning less than men, particularly in leadership and high-paying roles. Factors such as occupational segregation...

Iran–Japan relations

Israel-Palestinian conflict. The trade balance between Japan and Iran has a significant weight on Iran, and Japan exports automobiles, electrical products, important

Iran–Japan relations (Persian: ????? ????? ? ????, Japanese: ?????????) are diplomatic relations between Iran and Japan. They were officially established in 1926 during the Pahlavi era.

With the exception of World War II, the two countries have maintained a relatively friendly, strong, and strategic relationship throughout history.

Japan's foreign policy and investment with Iran have been significantly influenced by its historically secure demand for energy supplies. Iran is Japan's third most important oil supplier after Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates. Japan and Iran are also cooperating in regional diplomatic relations in the Middle East, such as the reconstruction of Afghanistan and the Israel-Palestinian conflict. The trade balance between Japan and Iran has a significant weight...

Environmental issues in Japan

Environmental pollution in Japan has accompanied industrialization since the Meiji period. One of the earliest cases was the copper poisoning caused by

Environmental pollution in Japan has accompanied industrialization since the Meiji period. One of the earliest cases was the copper poisoning caused by drainage from the Ashio Copper Mine in Tochigi Prefecture, beginning as early as 1878. Repeated floods occurred in the Watarase River basin, and 1,600

hectares of farmland and towns and villages in Tochigi and Gunma prefectures were damaged by the floodwater, which contained excessive inorganic copper compounds from the Ashio mine. The local breeders led by Shōzō Tanaka, a member of the Lower House from Tochigi appealed to the prefecture and the government to call a halt to the mining operations. Although the mining company paid compensatory money and the government engaged in the embankment works of the Watarase River, no fundamental solution...

Kōbu gattai

restoration rendered kōbu gattai irrelevant. Why Has Japan Succeeded?: Western Technology and the Japanese Ethos by Michio Morishima p.68 [1] Nussbaum

Kōbu gattai (???; Union of the Imperial Court and the Shogunate) was a policy in the Bakumatsu era of Japanese history aiming to strengthen Japan against the perceived "foreign threat" by obtaining a political coordination between the Tokugawa shogunate, certain major feudal domains and the Japanese Imperial Court.

Japan–South Korea relations

South Korean military clique with "the young people who succeeded with Meiji restoration in Japan." He further added that he and his troops "look up to

Japan–South Korea relations (Japanese: 日韓関係, romanized: Nikkan kankei; Korean: 日韓관계; RR: Hanil gwangye) are the diplomatic relations between Japan and the Republic of Korea. As the Sea of Japan and the Korea Strait geographically separate the two nations, political interactions date back from the 6th century when the kingdom of Baekje (which encompassed much of present-day South Korea) officially established relations with the Yamato Kingship of Japan. During the ancient era, the southern region of the Korean Peninsula served as the closest port for economic trade and cultural exchange between the Japanese archipelago and mainland Asia. Such relations would continue by the late 19th century when both Japan and Korea underwent modernisation from Western powers up until 1910, when Korea became...

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